

Sintra, March 16th 2015

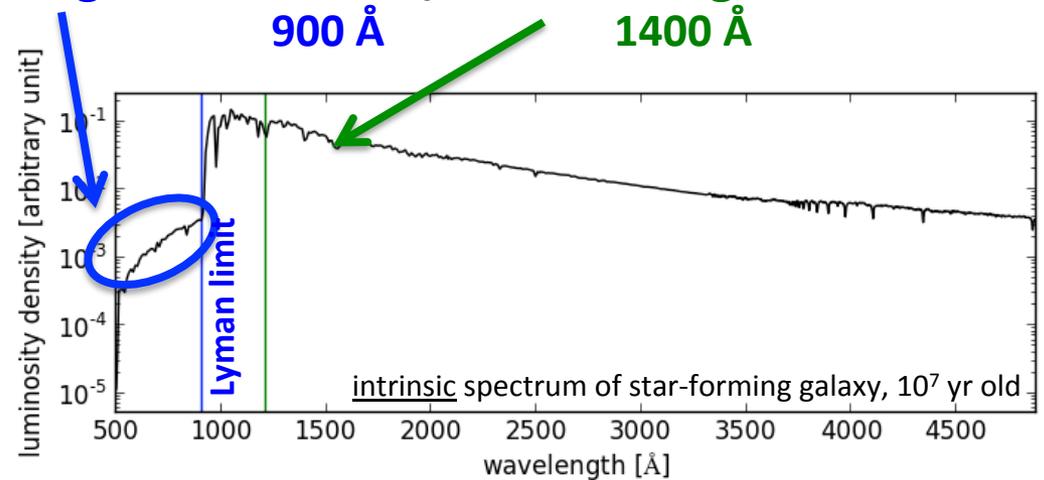
Lyman Continuum Signal from $z \sim 3$ star-forming galaxies and higher redshift implications.

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$$f_{\text{esc}}(\text{LyC}) \approx \text{ionizing radiation flux} / \text{non-ionizing radiation flux}$$



- ionizing radiation production (**physical properties**) vs escape (interaction with **ISM**)
[e.g. *Avedisova 1979, Roy 2014*]
- **simulations** predict ISM conditions for escape (NHI, clumpy medium, free line of sight/anisotropic escape)
[e.g. *Yajima 2011, Paardekooper 2015, Wise 2014, Zackrisson 2013, Cen 2015*]
- interaction with **IGM** (galaxy environment, re-ionization)
[z~3 IGM transmissivity is ~40%, *Inoue 2014*]
- LyC leakers are probably **low-mass, star-forming** galaxies below detection limits
a few massive with active feedback
[e.g. *Heckman 2011, Haardt & Madau 2012, Borthakur 2014, Prochaska 2009, Stevans 2014*]
- **challenge**: weak signal, low-z contamination, a few favorable lines of sight
[e.g. *Vanzella 2012, Cen2015, Siana 2015, Grazian 2015*]

-> Motivation

Outline

- Motivation
- **Project idea**
 - Chosen sample**
 - Method**
- **Results and implications**
- **Summary and on-going work**

Project idea

- sample of **spectroscopically confirmed** SFGs at **$z\sim 3$** in **ECDFS** (about 200 redshifts)
(FORS, VIMOS GOODS-S MASTER CATALOG + literature)

VUDS | VIMOS Ultra Deep Survey

WANDELS

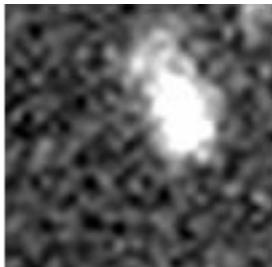
= A deep VIMOS survey of the CANDELS UDS and CDFS fields

MUSYC narrow-band selected LAEs at $z\sim 3.1$)

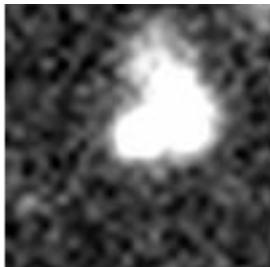
- HST coverage at least in 2 bands from CANDELS/GEMS surveys
inspect HST images to keep only source in **clean regions** (blue-red bands, knot colors, PSF)
to reduce low- z nearby-source contamination on individual-source basis
- CANDELS/ECDFS **multi-wavelength photometry** to study physical properties
- measure LyC flux in (archive) **narrow-band** images covering rest-frame 860-910 Å
at the position of the source, within optimized apertures (about **PSF**, 2xPSF)
- non-ionizing radiation flux from CANDELS/GEMS V606 band flux (global)

removed after cleaning

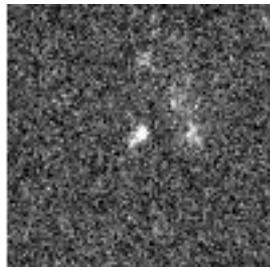
Uvimos



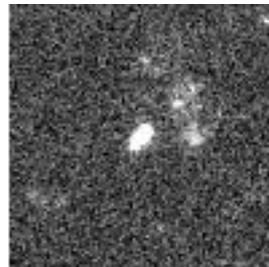
Bvimos



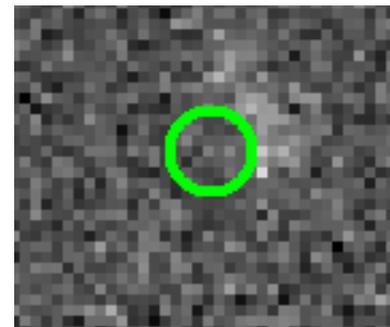
F435



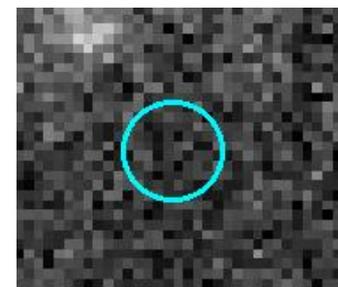
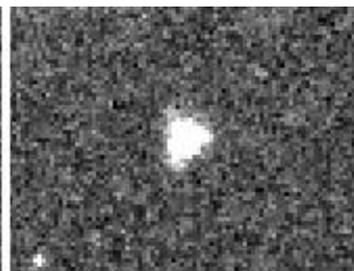
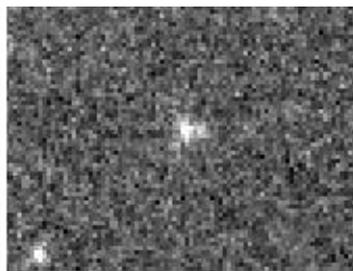
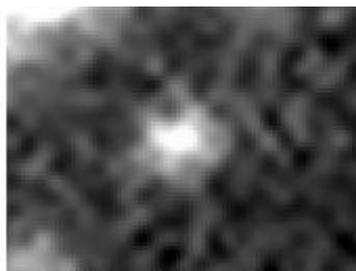
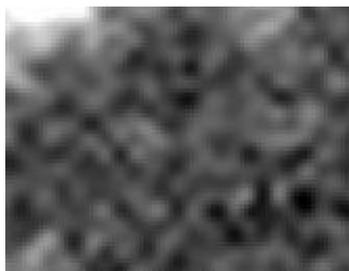
F606



NB387

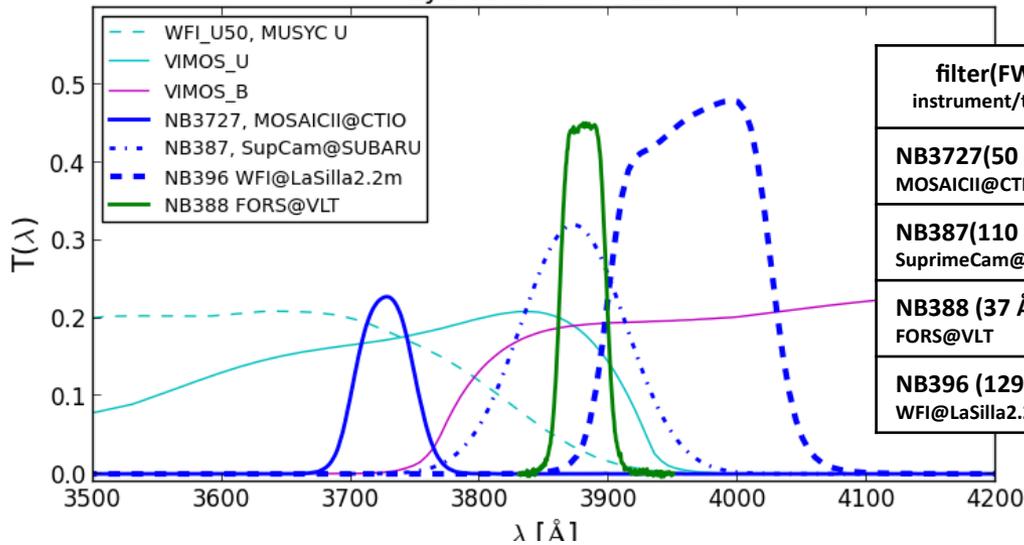


kept after cleaning



circle radius $\sim 1''$

LyC at $860 < \lambda < 912 \text{ \AA}$



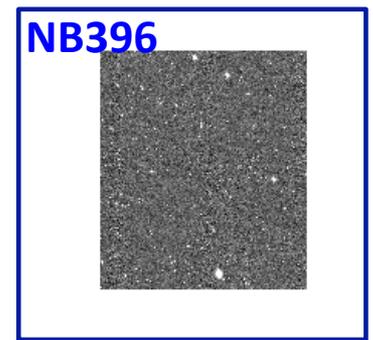
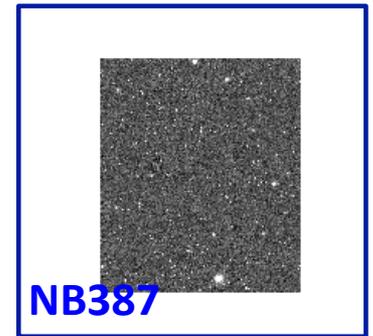
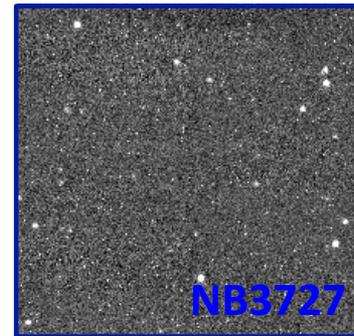
filter(FWHM) instrument/telescope	exptime	PSF	3 σ det limit (PSF/2 radius)	optimal aperture
NB3727(50 Å) MOSAICII@CTIO4m	35.8 h	1.4"	26.7	1.4"
NB387(110 Å) SuprimeCam@SUBARU	8.5h	0.7"	28.8	0.8"
NB388 (37 Å) FORS@VLT	16.7h	0.8"	29.8	0.8"
NB396 (129 Å) WFI@LaSilla2.2m	13h	0.9"	27.4	1.0"

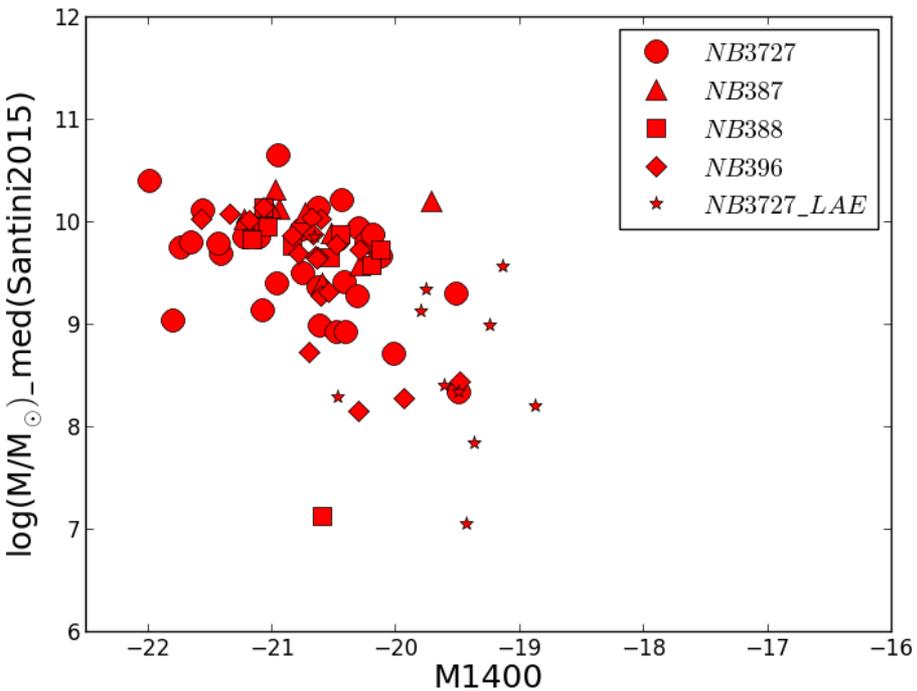
**70 spectroscopically confirmed
SFGs at $3.11 < z < 3.53$ (+ 17 LAEs at $z \approx 3.1$)
in clean regions
(NB PSF!)**

- about 50% of the sources are lost for “cleaning”
- $V \sim 25$, $m_{NB} \sim 27$ ($f_{esc}(\text{LyC}) = 30\%$, *Inoue2014*)
 $V \sim 27$, $m_{NB} \sim 29$

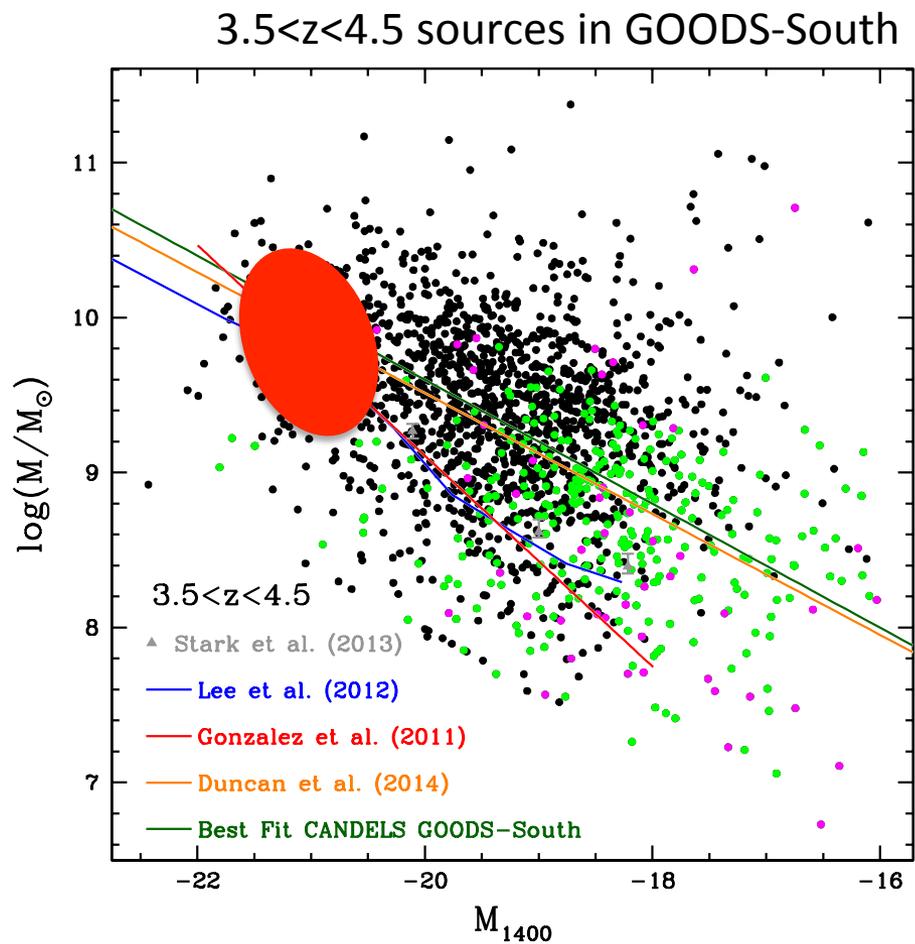
30'x30' ECDFS

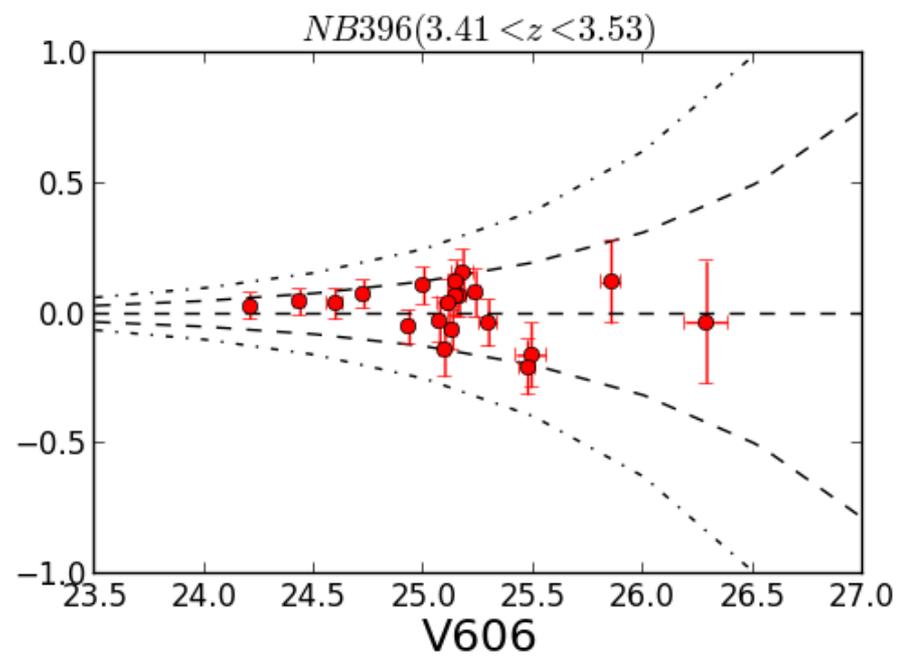
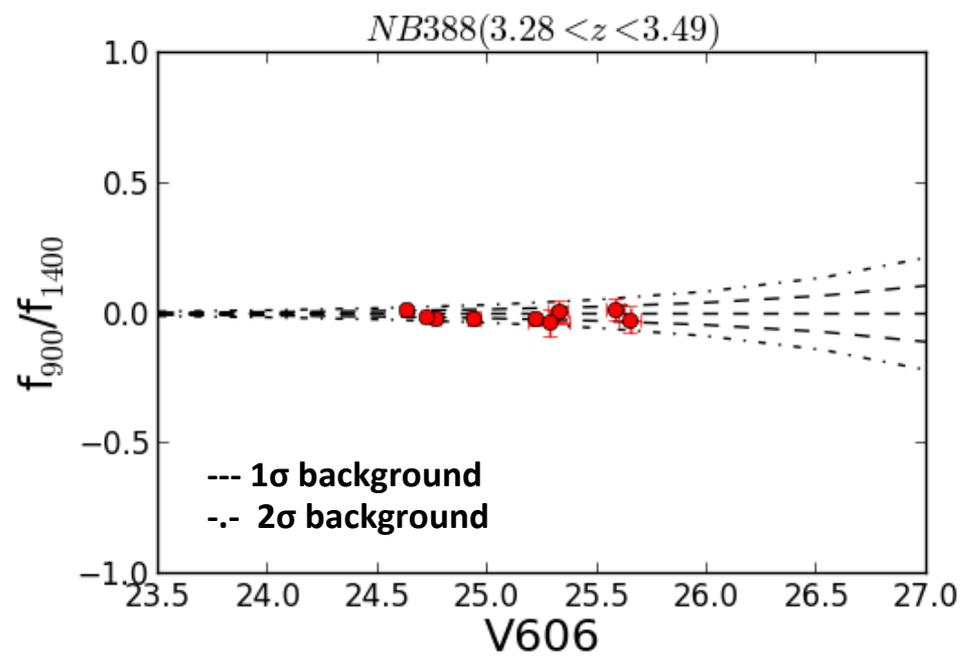
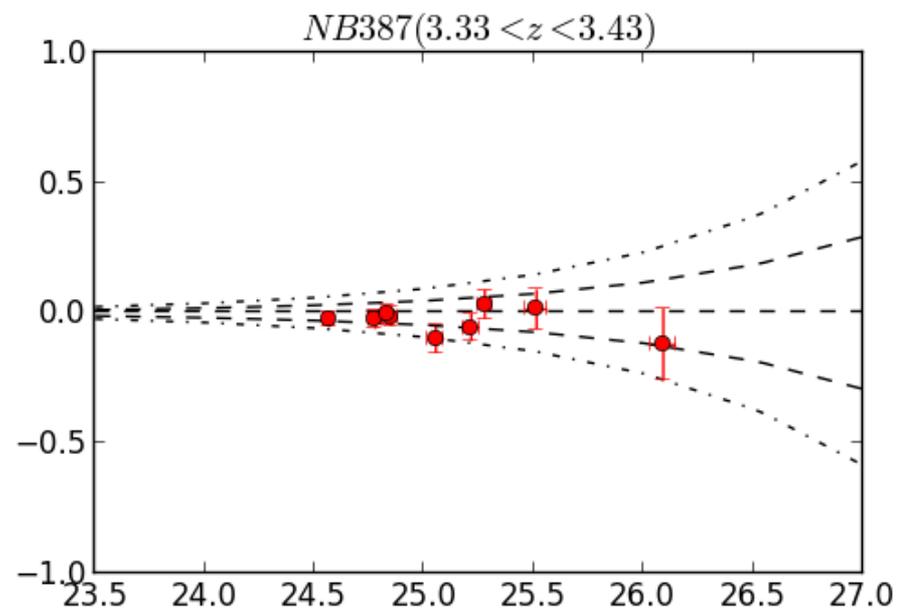
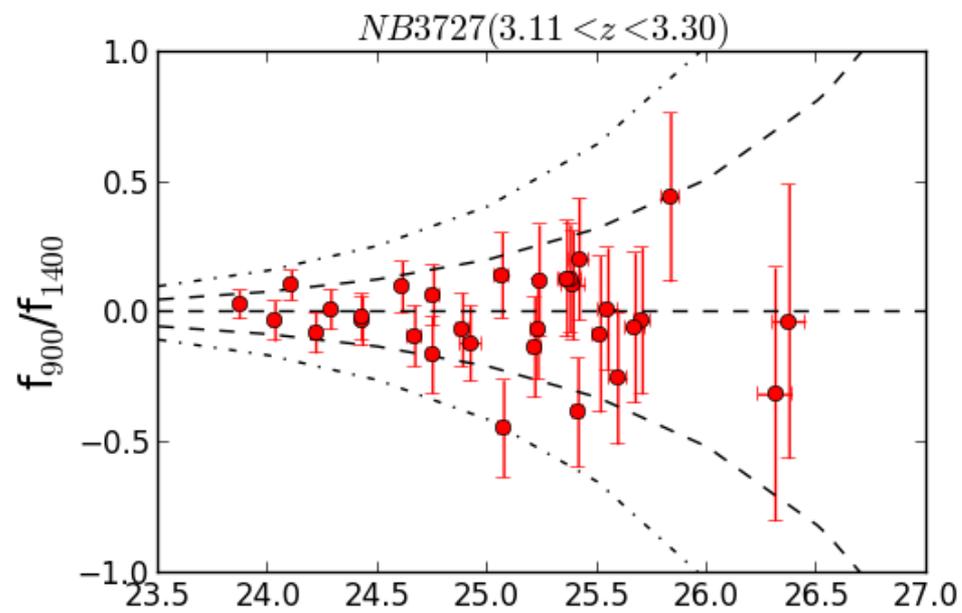
ground-based



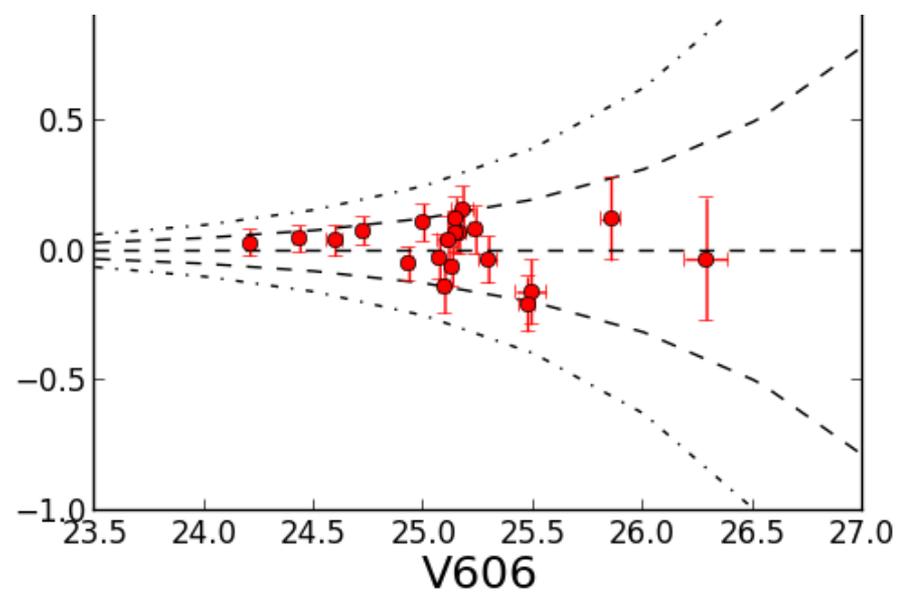
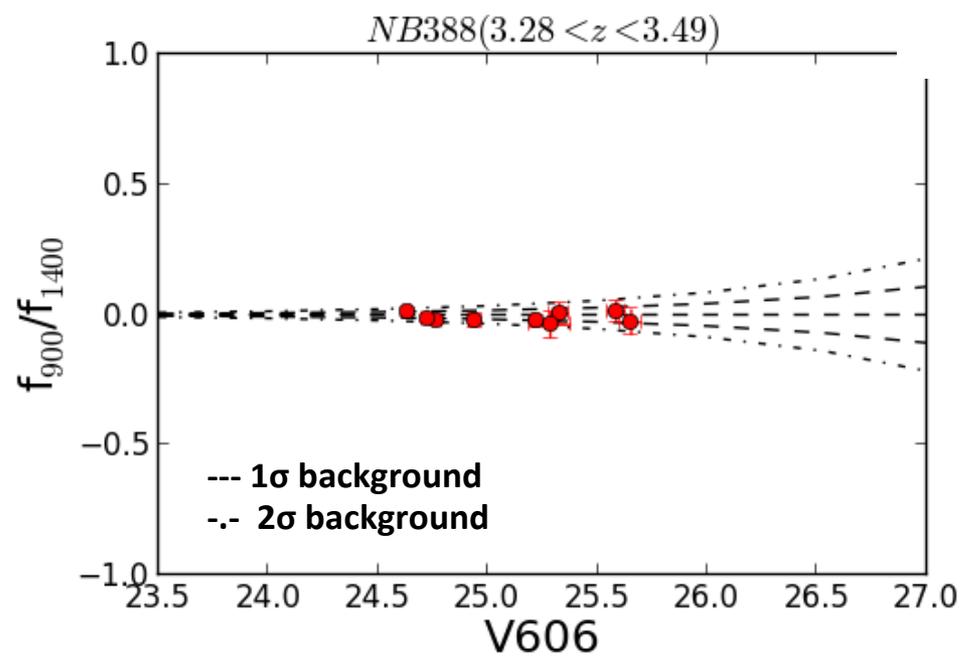
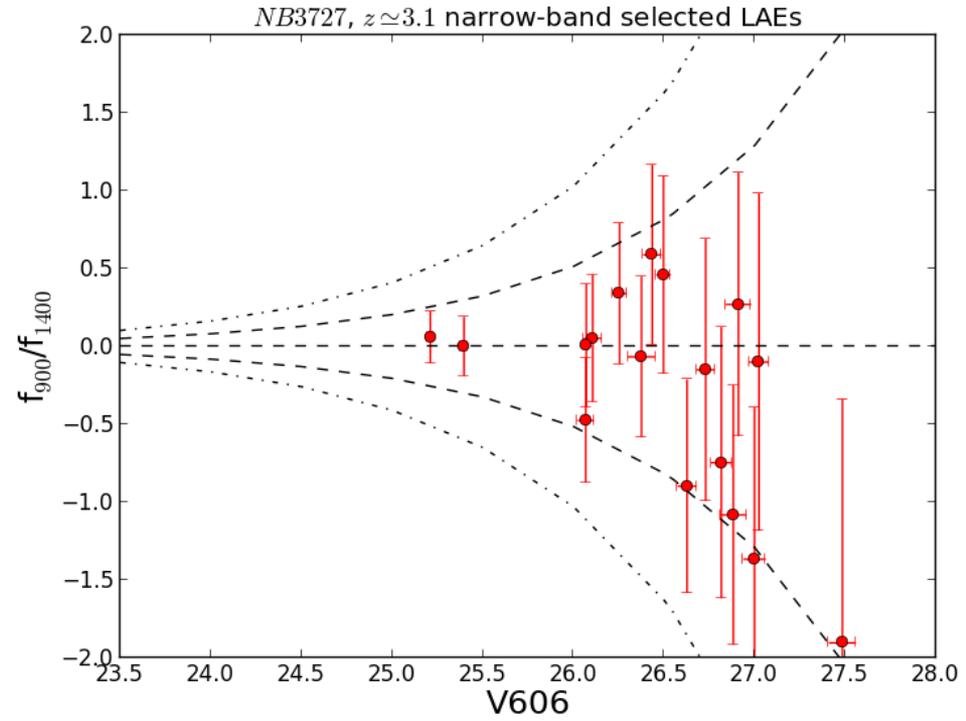
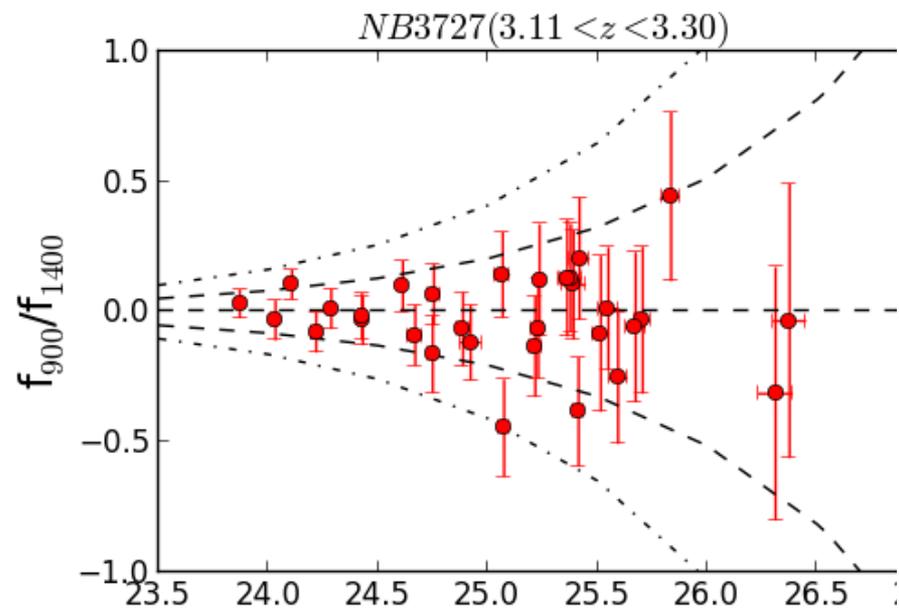


-22 < M1400 < -20
 $1E+8 < M/M_{\odot} < 1E+11$





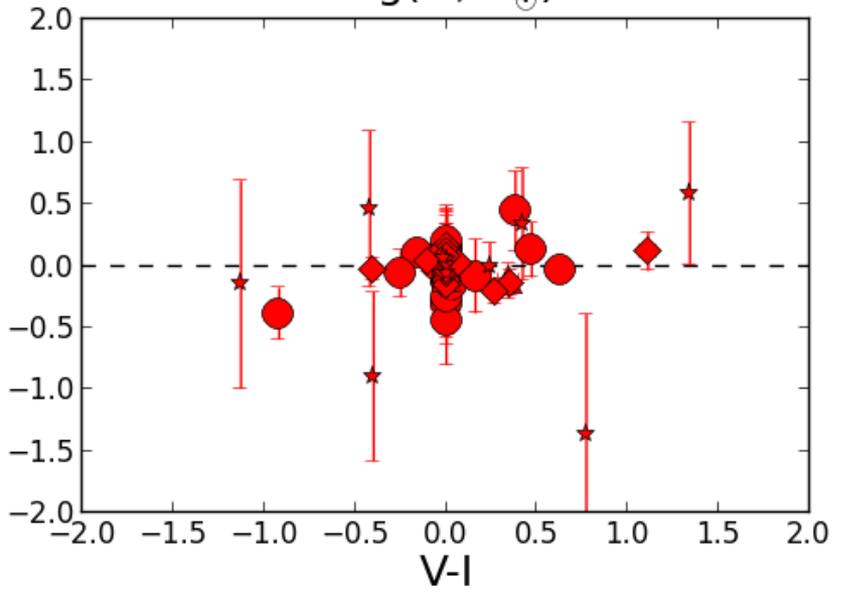
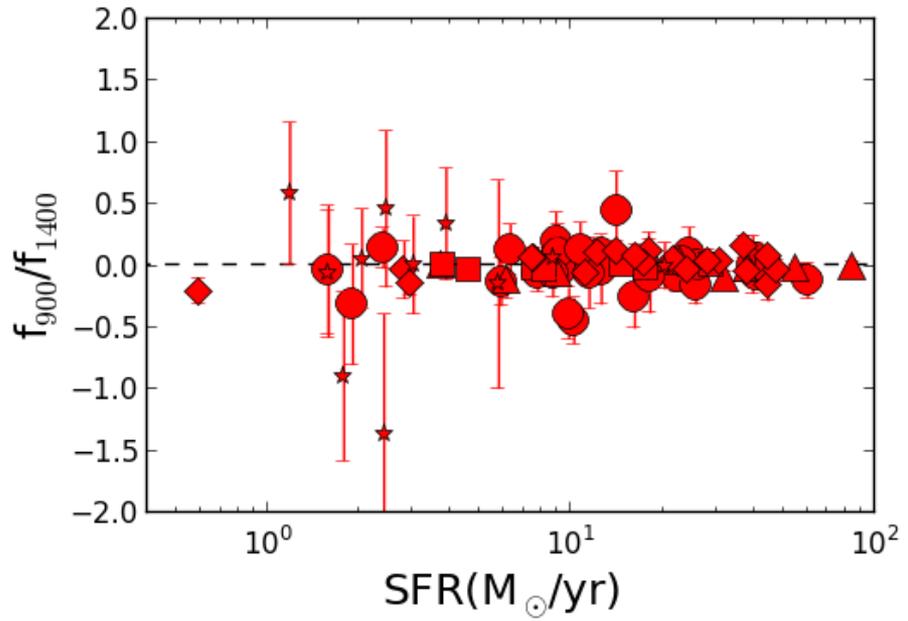
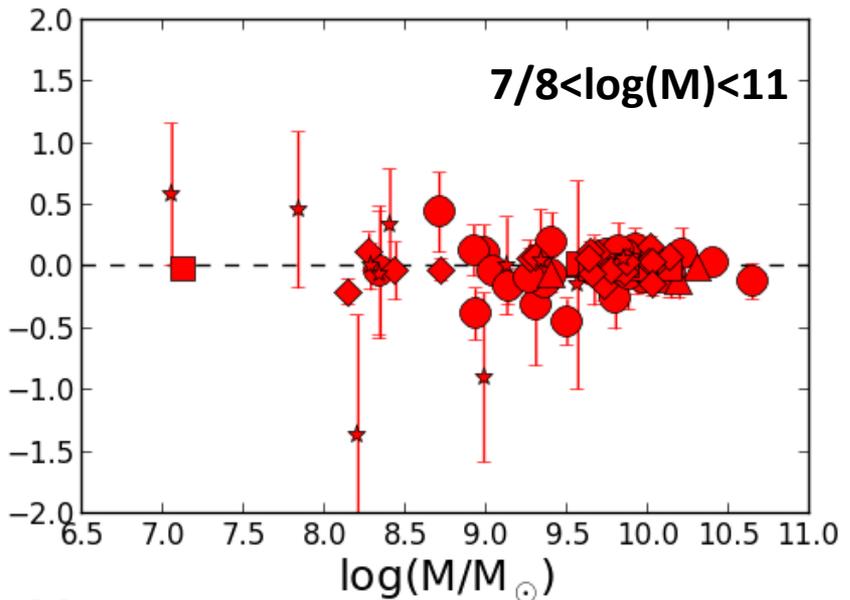
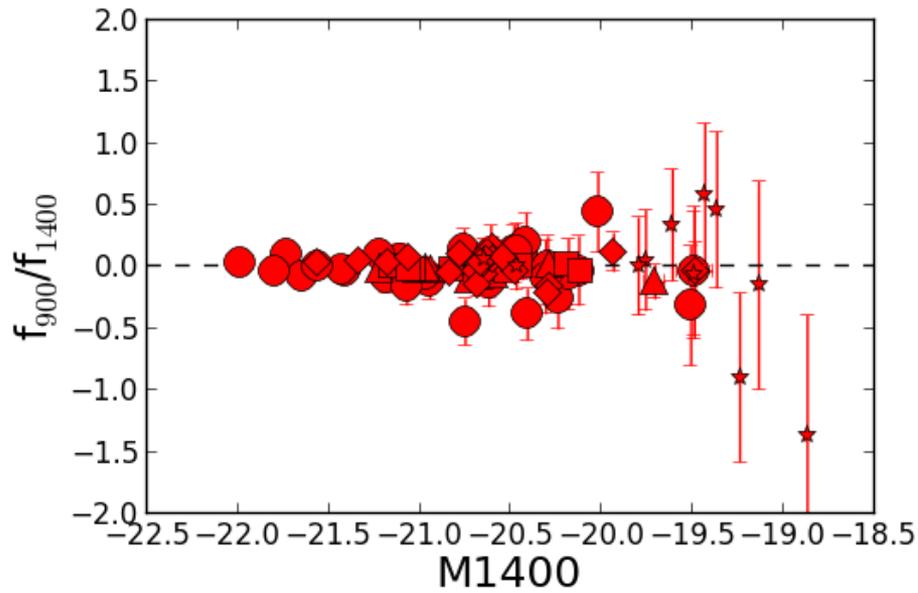
consistent with background



consistent with background

Results and implications

NBs with different depths



not any clear correlation (sub-samples)

*Boutsia 2011, Nestor 2013,
Mostardi 2013, Grazian 2015b*

fesc(LyC) relative to the intrinsic

$$fesc(LyC)^{rel} = \left(\frac{f_{NB396}}{f_{V606}} \right)_{obs} \frac{(L_{v,non-ion} / L_{v,ion})_{int}}{\exp(-\tau_{IGM,z})}$$

**70 spectroscopically confirmed
SFGs at 3.11 < z < 3.53 (+ 17 LAEs at z ≈ 3.1)
in clean regions (weighted mean 1σ error)**

fesc^{rel} (SFGs) < 0.06 (<0.12)

fesc^{rel} (LAEs) < 0.90 a few! faint V!

fesc^{rel} (LBGs) = 0.05-0.08
(broad-band selected, zspec)
fesc^{rel} (LAEs) = 0.18-0.49
(narrow-band selected, zspec)

fesc^{rel} (LBGs) < 0.05
(broad-band selected, zspec)

(*Mostardi 2013, Nestor 2013 z=2-3*)
Keck-NB3420 3σ det limit (PSF=0.7'') = 28.7

(*Boutsia 2011, z=3.3*)
LBC-U 3σ det limit (PSF=0.9'') = 29.9

Age ^c (yr)	z ^d	cSFR, 3.05 < z < 3.12 fesc ^{intr}
10 ⁶	0.004	1.98
...	0.020	1.90
10 ⁷	0.004	3.59
...	0.020	4.20
10 ⁸	0.004	6.17
...	0.020	6.38

Summary

- Sample: spectroscopically-confirmed SFGs at $z=3$ in ECDFS
HST coverage at least in 2 bands, multiwavelength photometry

SFG: $-22 < M_{1400} < -19$, $1E+8 < M/M_{\odot} < 1E+11$

LAEs: $-20 < M_{1400} < -19$, $1E+8 < M/M_{\odot} < 1E+9$

- NB flux is measured in aperture $\leq 2 \times$ PSF for sources in **clean** regions

- **Advantage:** reduce source confusion
and low- z contamination, highest S/N in NB

- We can set upper limits on $f_{\text{esc}}(\text{LyC})^{\text{rel}} < 0.06$ (0.12)

- We do not see any correlation between LyC signal and galaxy properties

- **Possible reasons:**

LyC escape is low on average in a sample of SFGs

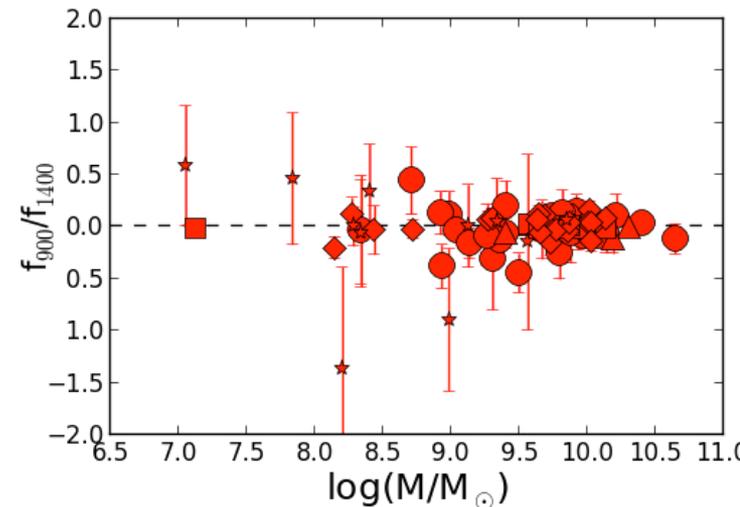
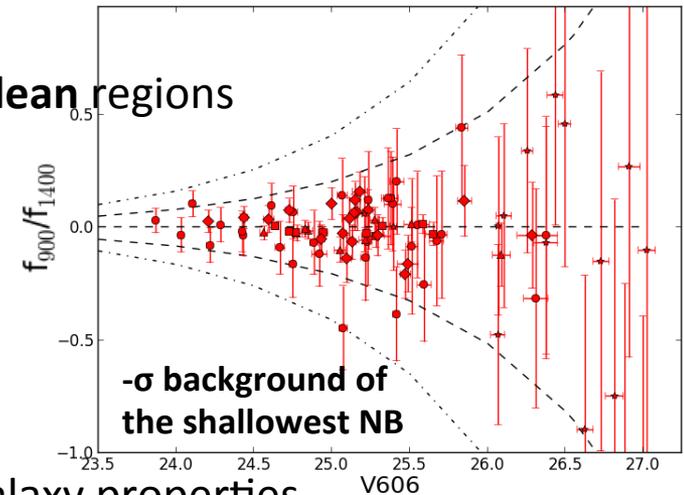
SFGs with these physical properties are not LyC leakers

leak less than NB detection limit

no special line of sight/not enough statistics

⇒ cleaning

⇒ increasing the sample focusing on
 $\leq 0.8''$ PSF images



Thanks